CLAIMS

1. A novel crystal of

7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer), characterized in that
it exhibits peaks at diffraction angles shown in the following
Table 1, in its powder X ray diffraction pattern:

Τэ	h	1
l a	IJ	1

Table 1			
Diffraction Angle 2θ (°)			
approximately 11.7			
approximately 16.1			
approximately 18.6			
approximately 21.2			
approximately 22.3			
approximately 24.4			
approximately 26.2			

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2. The novel crystal of

7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) according to Claim 1,
obtained by crystallization in an acidic state of a solution
containing

7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) in a temperature range of -5°C to 5°C.

- 3. The novel crystal of
- 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the solution containing
- 5 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) is an aqueous solution of an alkali metal salt of the compound.
 - 4. The novel crystal of
 - 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) according to any of
- Claims 1 to 3, obtained by controlling pH of an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution of
 - 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
- -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) at from 1 to 3 while
- 15 cooling the solution in a temperature range from -5°C to 5°C.
 - 5. A method for preparing a novel crystal of
 - 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
 - -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer), comprising acidifying a solution containing
- 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
- -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) in a temperature range from -5°C to 5°C to cause formation of a crystal.
 - 6. The method for preparing a novel crystal of
 - 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
- 25 -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) according to Claim 5,
 - wherein the acidic state of the solution includes pH values of
 - 1 to 3.

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- 7. The method for preparing a novel crystal of
 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
 -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) according to Claim 5
 or 6, wherein the solution containing
- 5 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) is an aqueous solution of an alkali metal salt of the compound.
- 8. The method for preparing a novel crystal of 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) according to any of Claims 5 to 7, wherein the temperature of the solution under an acidic state is 0°C to 2°C.
 - 9. A method for preparing an anhydrous form of a novel crystal of
- 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
 -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer), wherein a novel
 crystal obtained by the method according to any of Claims 5 to
 8 is further frozen at temperatures from -5°C to -80°C, and then
 subjected to vacuum drying.
- 10. The method for preparing an anhydrous form of a novel crystal of
- 7-[2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-hydroxyiminoacetamide]-3-vinyl
 -3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (syn isomer) according to Claim 9,
 wherein the conditions for vacuum drying include a degree of
 vacuum of 0.1 to 0.001 mmHg and a temperature of -20 to 35°C.